



OG-300 Solar Water Heating System Certification

No./2006007A

Issued: August 22, 2006

Expiration Date: November 01, 2024

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<p>CERTIFICATION HOLDER: Alternate Energy Technologies, LLC 1345 Energy Cove Court Green Cove Springs, FL 32043 USA www.aetsolar.com</p>	<p>EVALUATION SUBJECT</p> <p>BRAND: EagleSun MODEL: DX-80-40 TYPE: Pumped, Indirect</p>
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PRODUCT CERTIFICATION SYSTEM:

The ICC-SRCC OG-300 system certification program includes evaluation and performance ratings for solar water heating systems as established in the *ICC-SRCC Rules for Solar Heating & Cooling Product Listing Reports*. The program also includes periodic factory inspections and surveillance of the manufacturer's quality management system.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING STANDARD(S):

*ICC 900/SRCC 300 - 2015, Solar Thermal System Standard
 ENERGY STAR Residential Water Heater Specification (v.5.0)*

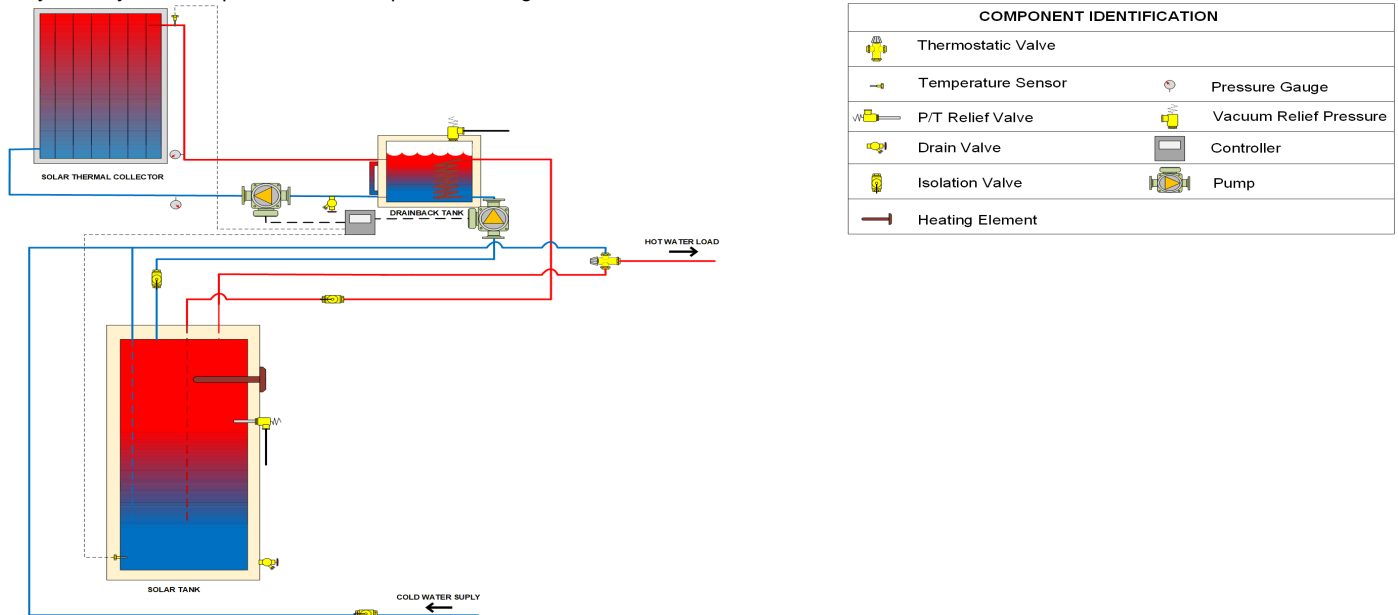
SOLAR UNIFORM ENERGY FACTOR (SUEF):

3.5, Low Draw Pattern

The Solar Uniform Energy Factor (SUEF) is determined through computer modeling per the specification established in *ICC 900/SRCC 300, Appendix B*.

INSTALLATION:

The solar water heating system must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's published installation instructions. Installation must conform to the requirements of the applicable code and is subject to approval by the code official having jurisdiction. This certification is valid only for a system composed of the components configured as shown in the schematic below:



PARTS LIST:

Part	Quantity	Evaluated Component
Collector Option 1	1	Alternate Energy Technologies, LLC Model MSC-40 (OG-100 10001939)
Drainback Tank	1	Alternate Energy Technologies, LLC Model DB-10-10XC (38 L volume)
Solar Tank	1	American Water Heater Model SE62-80H-045S (303 L volume)

IDENTIFICATION:

Certified systems must be identified with the OG-300 certification mark below in accordance with the *Rules for Certification Mark and Certificate Use* and labeled in with the information below per *ICC 900/SRCC 300*:



1. Manufacturer's name and model number.
2. OG-300 system certification number
3. OG-100 collector certification number(s) and quantity.
4. Heat transfer fluid and concentration range.
5. Storage and expansion tank volumes.
6. Relief valve specification and setpoint.
7. Maximum water supply pressure.
8. Maximum solar loop pressure.
9. Flow rate range (where a flow meter is installed).
10. Backup energy rating. For electrical, phase/volts/amps. For gas, minimum pressure.
11. Installation date field (to be entered by the installer in the field).

CONDITIONS:

The certified solar water heating system must comply with the following conditions:

1. Systems must be installed and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and local code.
2. Systems must include all components installed in the configuration shown in the schematic in the OG-300 certification document.
3. Systems must use one of the OG-100 certified solar collector options from the list above. Where more than one collector is installed in a system, all collectors must be the same model.
4. Systems must utilize heat transfer fluids approved by the manufacturer.
5. Certifications are not to be construed as representing aesthetics or any other attributes not specifically addressed, nor are they to be construed as an endorsement of the subject of the report or a recommendation for its use.
6. There is no warranty by ICC-SRCC express or implied, as to any finding or other matter in this certification, or as to any product covered by the certification.

REGIONAL RATINGS:

Thermal performance ratings are provided for the system based on computer modeling to standard OG-300 rating conditions and a hot water load of 64.3 gallons per day (243.4 litres per day) at a setpoint of 125°F (51.7°C) for comparison. Performance is given using the following values:

- Annual Solar Fraction (SF_A): The portion of the total conventional hot water heating load (including tank standby losses) provided by solar energy averaged over one year.
- Annual Energy Savings (AES): The projected energy savings over a period of one year for the system compared to a baseline tank-type water heater using the same fuel source.

Results are given for several climate zones throughout North America. Climate zones are as established in *ANSI/ASHRAE 169, Climatic Data for Building Design Standard*. Actual thermal performance and energy savings for an installed system will vary with local conditions, installation details and hot water usage.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

OG-300 LOCAL ANNUAL SOLAR WATER HEATING SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

System performance at several geographic locations in the United States corresponding to climate zones as established in ASHRAE 169 is provided below. Ratings are determined using weather data, solar irradiance and water supply temperature over a period of one year for the specific locations listed below. Ratings for locations in California and Hawaii are provided on separate state maps on the following pages.

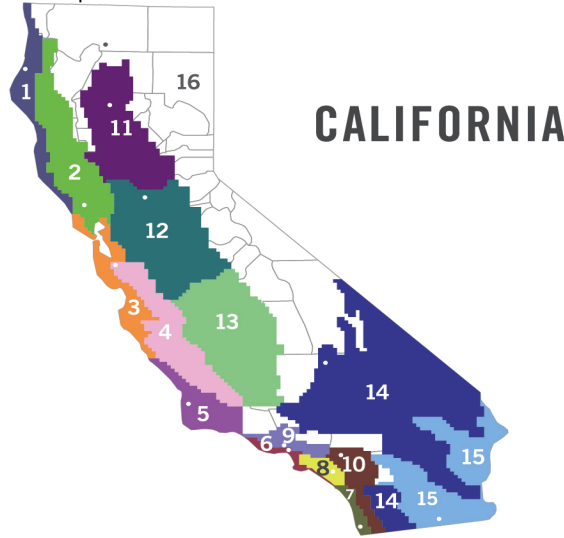


USA			
Location	Climate Zone (ASHRAE 169)	Solar Fraction (SF _A)	Annual Energy Savings (kWh)
AK - Anchorage	7	0.31	1650
AZ - Phoenix	2B	0.80	2850
CO - Denver	5B	0.63	2900
FL - Tampa	2A	0.74	2540
GA - Atlanta	3A	0.62	2550
MA - Boston	5A	0.50	2280
MO - St Louis	4A	0.55	2390
MT - Helena	6B	0.49	2450
TX - Dallas-Fort Worth	3A	0.68	2580
WA - Seattle	4C	0.43	1960
WI - Milwaukee	6A	0.47	2250

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

OG-300 LOCAL ANNUAL SOLAR WATER HEATING SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

System performance at several geographic locations in the state of California corresponding to building climate zones as established by the California Energy Commission (CEC) is provided below. Ratings are determined using weather data, solar irradiance and water supply temperature over a period of one year for the specific locations listed below.



State of California			
Location **	Climate Zone (ASHRAE 169)*	Solar Fraction (SF _A)	Annual Energy Savings (kWh)
CCZ 1 - Arcata	7	0.48	2180
CCZ 2 - Santa Rosa	6B	0.65	2780
CCZ 3 - Oakland	3C	0.65	2780
CCZ 4 - Sunnyvale	4C	0.68	2870
CCZ 5 - Santa Maria	5C	0.70	3020
CCZ 6 - Los Angeles	3B	0.72	2830
CCZ 7 - San Diego	3B	0.72	2830
CCZ 8 - El Toro	3B	0.74	2950
CCZ 9 - Burbank	3B	0.72	2940
CCZ 10 - Riverside	3B	0.75	2960
CCZ 11 - Red Bluff	3B	0.66	2630
CCZ 12 - Sacramento	3B	0.67	2740
CCZ 13 - Fresno	3B	0.70	2790
CCZ 14 - China Lake	3B	0.78	2940
CCZ 15 - El Centro	3B	0.81	2760
CCZ 16 - Mt. Shasta	7	0.60	2740

* Climate zones are as established in ANSI/ASHRAE 169, Climatic Data for Building Design Standard.

** California Building Climate Zones and representative cities are established by the California Energy Commission for use in the CA Title 24 Energy Efficiency Standards

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS

OG-300 LOCAL ANNUAL SOLAR WATER HEATING SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

System performance at several geographic locations in the Hawaiian Islands corresponding to climate zones as established in ASHRAE 169 is provided below. Ratings are determined using weather data, solar irradiance and water supply temperature over a period of one year for the specific locations listed below.



State of Hawaii			
Location	Climate Zone (ASHRAE 169)	Solar Fraction (SF _A)	Annual Energy Savings (kWh)
Hawaii Island - Hilo	1	0.68	2260
Honolulu - Oahu Island	1	0.79	2500
Maui Island - Kahului	1	0.78	2480
Hawaii Island - Keahol	1	0.78	2630
Lihue - Kauai Island	1	0.75	2450
Ho'olehua - Molokai Island	1	0.79	2520

CANADA

CANADA SINGLE DAY RATING

The Canada Single Day Rating below provides annual estimated energy savings determined using computer modeling based on the standard day specified in the CAN/CSA F379 SERIES-09 (R2013) standard for a 300 litre/day hot water draw. Baseline energy savings for single-tank electric and gas tank-type water heaters (with no solar input) are -1.11 and -4.83 GJ/year, respectively. Negative values are indicative of the difference between the energy input to the water heater and the energy delivered to the load, or the sum of the parasitic and standby losses. Therefore, a SWH system with a rating of zero is one where the solar energy input to the system offsets all of the standby and parasitic losses. If the solar contribution in a single-tank system is smaller than the parasitic and stand-by losses, the system will have a negative rating.

ESTIMATED ENERGY SAVINGS (GJ/year for 300 L/day (80 gal/day) hot water load): 4.0

OG-300 LOCAL ANNUAL SOLAR WATER HEATING SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

System performance at several geographic locations in Canada corresponding to climate zones as established in ASHRAE 169 is provided below. Ratings are determined using weather data, solar irradiance and water supply temperature over a period of one year for the specific locations listed below. The local annual ratings are provided for a 243 L/day (64.3 gal/day) hot water load.



Canada			
Location	Climate Zone (ASHRAE 169)	Solar Fraction (SF _A)	Annual Energy Savings (kWh)
AB - Edmonton	5	0.46	2480
NS - Halifax	7A	0.41	1980
ON - Thunder Bay	7A	0.47	2280
QC - Quebec City	5	0.44	2260
MB - Winnipeg	7A	0.45	2440
AB - Calgary	7A	0.49	2590
BC - Vancouver	7	0.44	2050

CENTRAL AMERICA AND CARIBBEAN REGION

OG-300 LOCAL ANNUAL SOLAR WATER HEATING SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

System performance at several geographic locations in Central America and the Caribbean region corresponding to climate zones as established in ASHRAE 169 is provided below. Ratings are determined using weather data, solar irradiance and water supply temperature over a period of one year for the specific locations listed below.



Central America & Caribbean Region			
Location	Climate Zone (ASHRAE 169)	Solar Fraction (SF _A)	Annual Energy Savings (kWh)
Barbados - Christ Church	1	0.84	2600
Costa Rica - San Jose	1	0.79	3610
Jamaica - Kingston	1	0.85	2630
Mexico - Monterrey	2	0.58	2200
Mexico - Mexico City	2	0.64	2910
Belize - Belize City	1	0.76	2340
Puerto Rico - San Juan	1	0.80	2460